Air Force Installation & Mission Support Center



Ellsworth AFB Environmental Restoration Program

Rita Krebs, AFCEC/CZOM
28 March 2023



Purpose / Agenda



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- To share information with the community on the following topics:
 - 2023 Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) interest assessment
 - Status of PFAS in drinking water wells
 - Upcoming PFAS risk assessment
 - Ways to stay informed



2023 Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) Interest Assessment



RAB:

- Formal board made up of government and community members
- Follows formal procedures (like a city council meeting)
- Discusses the entire environmental restoration program at an installation
- Ellsworth had a formal RAB in the 1990s
 - Dissolved sometime in the 2000s
 - Public meetings continued under the "RAB Meeting" title; however, they were just regular public meetings (like what we're having now)
- RAB interest assessment required every 24 months
 - Ellsworth AFB commander responsible for decision to reinstate RAB
 - Based on feedback from the community



2023 Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) Interest Assessment



- Public meetings:
 - Are more <u>flexible</u> than RABs
 - Can discuss a specific topic (<u>like just PFAS</u>)
- RABs:
 - Are costly to organize and host
 - Need ongoing commitment from the community
- A RAB would divert costs away from current programs such as the quarterly newsletter



2023 Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) Interest Assessment



- Interested in a formal RAB? By April 30, 2023, contact:
 - Rita Krebs at (605) 385-2688 / <u>rita.krebs.1@us.af.mil</u> or
 - Jens Christensen at (605) 385-6625 / jens.christensen@us.af.mil
- We want to hear from you!
 - Do you like the newsletter?



What are PFAS?



- Man-made chemicals found in commonly used products
 - Fire fighting foam
 - Nonstick cookware (Teflon)
 - Stain-resistant fabric/carpet (Scotchgard)
 - Food packaging
- Two most studied PFAS
 - PFOS
 - PFOA
- 1970: Air Force began using aqueous film forming foam (AFFF)
- May 2016: EPA established Lifetime Health Advisories for PFOS/PFOA in drinking water
- November 2016: Ellsworth discontinued use of legacy AFFF





PFAS in Drinking Water Wells Interim Solution



- 117 drinking water wells sampled for PFAS
- 23 wells: PFOS/PFOA above 2016 Lifetime Health Advisories (HAs)
 - 4: Connected to municipal water
 - 16: Installed treatment systems
 - 3: Providing bottled water





PFAS in Drinking Water Wells Long-term Solution



Completed

- B North: Connected to Box Elder (done)
- E: Purchased using Non-Environmental Restoration Program funds for wetlands banking for the new B-21 bomber mission (done)



In progress

- A/B: Connect to new watermain (late 2024)
- C: Connect to Sunset Ranch community water system (2023)
- D: Install replacement shallow well (2023)



PFAS in Drinking Water Wells Quarterly Monitoring Program



- What is the Quarterly Monitoring Program?
 - For wells with combined PFOS/PFOA concentrations:
 - Less than 2016 Lifetime HAs (70 ppt) and
 - Greater than ½ the 2016 Lifetime HAs (35 ppt)
 - Goal: Ensure PFOS/PFOA concentrations in drinking water remain below the 2016 Lifetime HAs
- Quarterly Monitoring Program initially included 7 drinking water wells



PFAS in Drinking Water Wells Quarterly Monitoring Program



Current status of the 7 wells

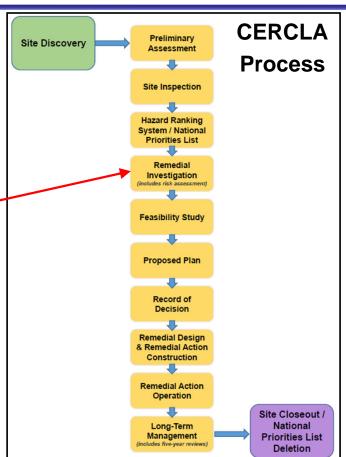
- Sampling discontinued at 6 wells
 - 3: Concentrations of PFOS/PFOA increased and exceeded the 2016 Lifetime HAs
 - 2: Remained below ½ the 2016 Lifetime HAs for 1 year
 - 1: Self-connected to municipal water
- 1: Still in quarterly monitoring



PFAS Remedial Investigation



- Responding to PFAS in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or "Superfund")
- Currently in Remedial Investigation stage for PFAS
- These steps were completed in the 1990s for Ellsworth AFB (did not included PFAS)





Risk Assessment



- Risk Assessment Work Plan finalized in January 2023 (AR #8787 on the Administrative Record website)
- Risk Assessment Report will be included in the Remedial Investigation Report (May 2024)
- Risk Assessment:
 - Standardized way to determine risk from exposure to a contaminant
 - Used as a tool to assist decision-making at cleanup sites
 - Evaluating human health and ecological receptors



Risk Assessment Process

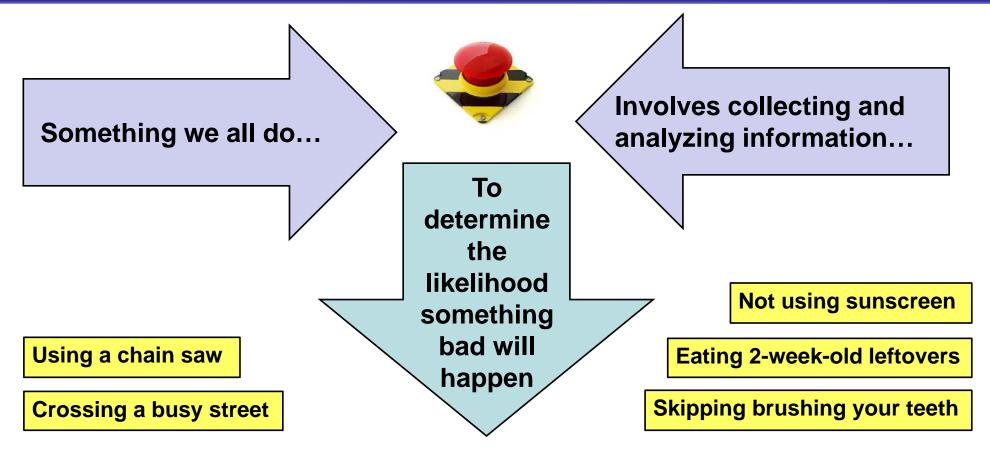


- Risk: Possibility of adverse effects from exposure to a stressor
 - Stressor = physical, chemical or biological agent that can cause an adverse effect
 - For environmental restoration projects, generally, stressor = contaminant
- Environmental Risk Assessment: Analysis of potential adverse health effects caused by exposure to site-related contaminants



What is "Risk Assessment"?







Human Health Risk Assessment Objectives



- Evaluate possibility cancer or a noncancer health effect could result from exposure to site-related contaminants
- Provide information and data to:
 - Document the level of risk at a site, and the primary cause of the risk
 - Which contaminants in what media are contributing to the site risk?
 - Help determine if a remedial action is needed at a site
 - Identify preliminary cleanup goals



Risk Assessment Does and Does Not...



Does...



- Estimate cancer risk and potential noncancer effects based on exposure
- Indicate populations we are concerned about and identifies how they can be exposed
- Identify site-related contaminants requiring evaluation
- Identify data gaps for further study

Does not...



- Determine if health effects occurred in the past or will occur in the future
- Determine if an observed health condition is the result of exposure to site contaminants



Elements of a Good Human Health Risk Assessment

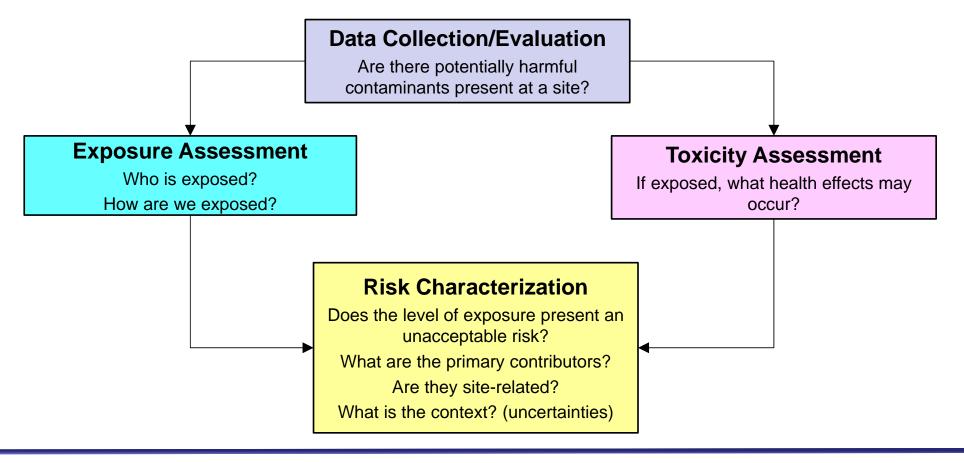


- Represents site conditions
 - Evaluates realistic and relevant land use and exposure
- Reflects reasonable and defensible exposure factors
 - Exposure concentrations are appropriate for current or future land use
- Informs risk management decisions: Is a response warranted?
 - If so, identify which chemicals, media, and areas present an unacceptable risk



Risk Assessment - Basic Elements



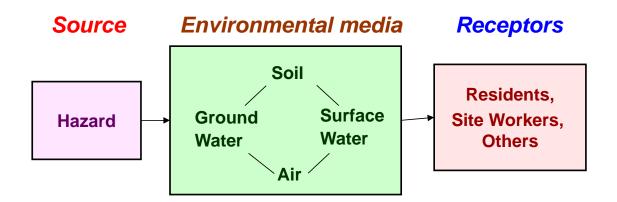




Conceptual Site Exposure (CSM) Model



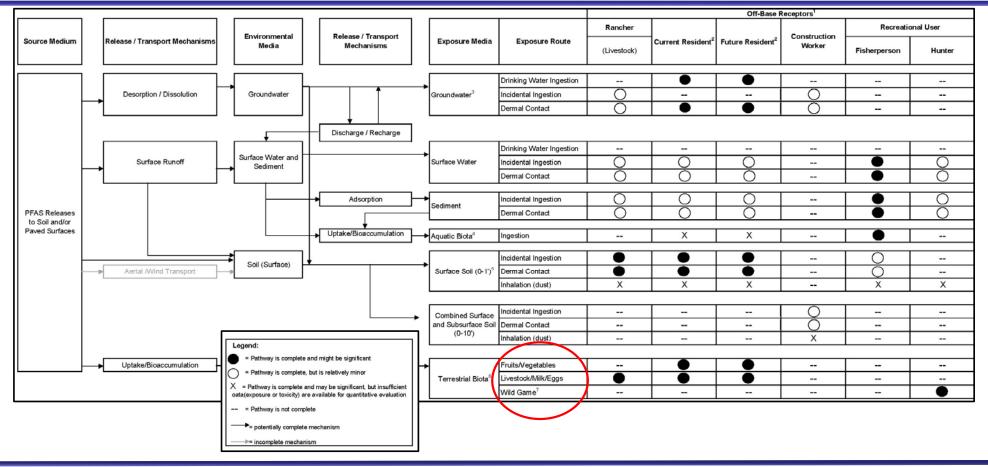
- Depicts how contaminants can move from a source to a receptor
 - Environmental setting and land use
 - Sources and release mechanism
 - Contaminant fate and transport
 - Potentially affected media and receptors





PFAS Risk Assessment Human Health CSM

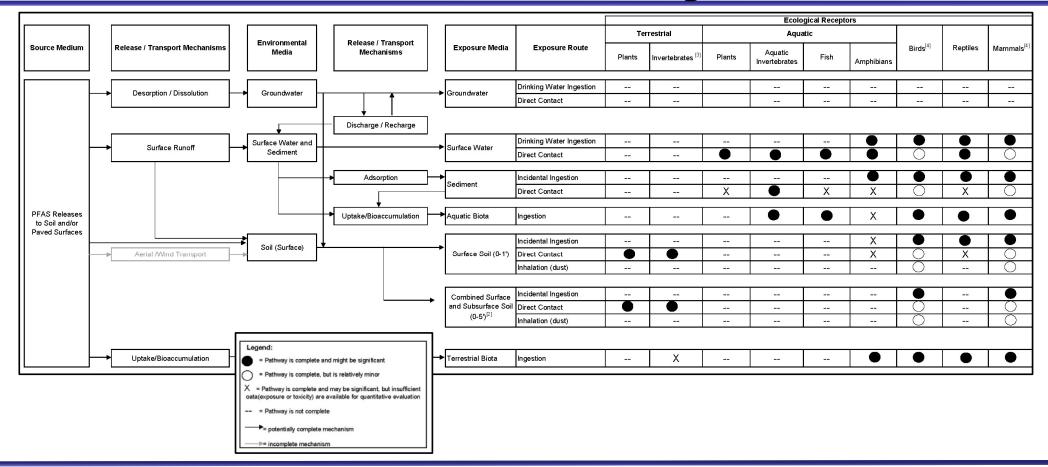






PFAS Risk Assessment Ecological CSM







Data Collection and Evaluation

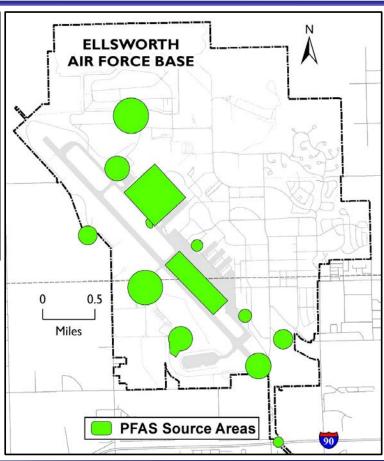


Data Collection

- Identify data needs
- Devise strategy for data collection – study design, data quality objectives
- Data Evaluation
 - Identify chemicals of potential concern



A drilling rig is used to collect soil and groundwater samples in 2021. The building shown was built over the former fire station where fire-fighting foam was used, stored, and spilled.





Exposure Assessment



- Magnitude, frequency, duration, pathway
 - Who? Identify who your current and future receptors could be
 - What? Identify what media is impacted (e.g., soil or groundwater)
 - How? Identify the exposure pathways (e.g., groundwater ingestion or inhalation of dust)
 - Where? Identify the exposure point (e.g., impacted private well)
 - How much? Identify how long someone may be exposed
 - Resident vs worker vs recreator—distinct receptors will have different exposure profiles
- Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME)
 - Highest exposure <u>reasonably</u> expected to occur Not the worst case



Toxicity Assessment



- After chemicals of potential concern are identified
 - Collect toxicity information for chemicals being evaluated
 - Identify applicable exposure periods (e.g., lifetime or short-term)
 - Identify toxicity values for cancer and noncancer effects
- Air Force selects toxicity values following USEPA's hierarchy





Risk Characterization



- Combines Exposure Assessment + Toxicity Assessment
- Quantify pathway risks
 - Estimate noncancer effects
 - Estimate cancer risks
 - Determine cumulative risk/hazard (all chemicals, all pathways...)
- Evaluate uncertainty

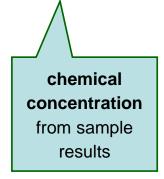




Risk Equation: Combining Steps



Concentration x (IR x ET x EF x ED) ~ Toxicity Value = Risk BW x AT



Data Collection and Evaluation

intake
parameters
scenario-specific
(and default)

Exposure Assessment

toxicity value chemical-specific and route-specific

Toxicity Assessment

cancer risk, noncancer hazard index

Risk Characterization

IR = intake rate (e.g., mg soil/day)

ET = exposure time (hours/day)

EF = exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = exposure duration (years)

BW = body weight (kg)

AT = averaging time (days)

~ Multiply for cancer risk, Divide for noncancer hazard



Risk Assessment Summary



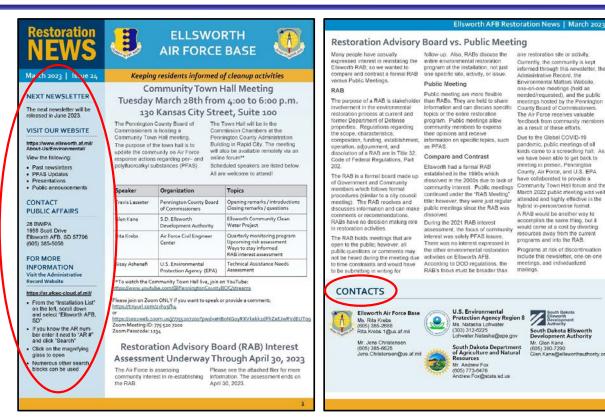
- Risk assessment is fundamental to the CERCLA process
- We involve our regulatory stakeholders in the risk assessment process to provide feedback on:
 - Sample design
 - CSM development
 - Risk Assessment Work Plan review
 - Final document review
- Standardized way to determine risk from exposure to a contaminant
- Air Force Goal: Technically defensible risk assessment to support decision-making
- Risk Assessment Report will be included in the Remedial Investigation Report, which will be posted on the Administrative Record



Ways to Stay Informed



- Quarterly Environmental Restoration Newsletters
 - Mailed to 270+
 - Posted to Administrative Record website
 - Posted to Environmental Matters website
- Want on our mailing list?
 - Sign-up sheet
 - Contact Rita Krebs: (605) 385-2688 or rita.krebs.1@us.af.mil



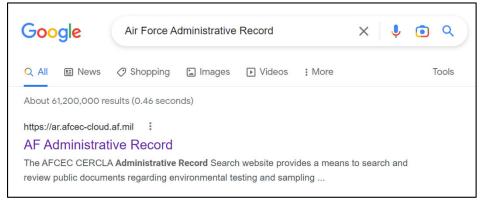


Ways to Stay Informed



Administrative Record

- https://ar.afcec-cloud.af.mil/Search.aspx
- Or search for "Air Force Administrative Record"





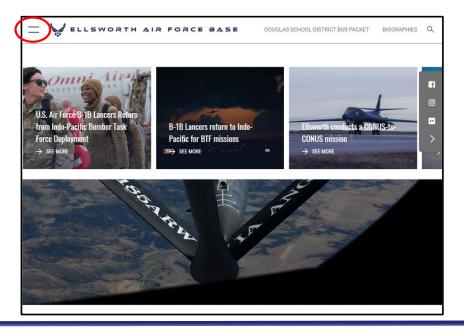


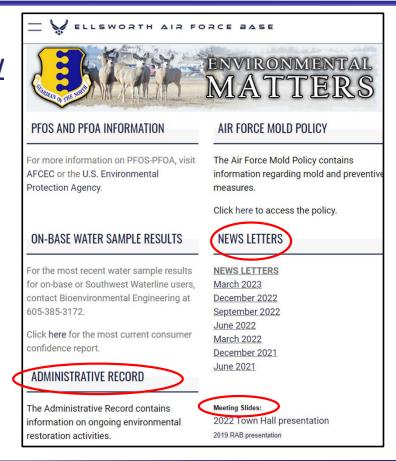
Ways to Stay Informed



Environmental Matters Website

- https://www.ellsworth.af.mil/About-Us/Environmental/
- Or go to Ellsworth's website at ellsworth.af.mil and select "About us" and "Environmental"







Summary



- RAB interest assessment underway through April 30, 2023
- Quarterly PFAS sampling continues at 1 drinking water well
- A human health and ecological risk assessment is underway
- There are many ways for the community to stay informed



Your Success is Our Mission!